

Maharashtra Education Society's

# Abasaheb Garware College, Pune.

# (Autonomous)

(Affiliated to Savitribai Phule Pune University)

Two Years M.Sc. Degree Program in Computer Science (Faculty of Science and Technology)

> Syllabi under Autonomy M.Sc. (CS)

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus To be implemented from Academic Year 2022-2023

### Title of the Course: M.Sc. (Computer Science)

### Preamble

The post-graduation course in Computer science, provides the knowledge of additional technologies, tries to impart research oriented approach in the students. It aims to provide technology-oriented students with the knowledge and ability to develop creative solutions, and better understand the effects of future developments of computer systems and technology on people and society. The subjects covers the recent trends and techniques in IT industry and try to make students ready to work in IT industry.

The syllabus is about developing skills to learn new technology, grasping the concepts and issues behind its use and the use of computers.

The full time internship in the last semester, makes it mandatory for each student to work in IT industry to complete his/her post-graduation course. This gives a student the exposure to the environment in IT industry, make students familiar for working in team and give a chance to students to learn recent technologies used in IT industries.

### **Learning Outcomes**

- To enhance abilities of students in problem solving using a computer.
- To upgrade the necessary skill set and analytical abilities for developing computer based solutions for real life problems.
- To enhance professional skills of the students.
- To prepare necessary knowledge base for research and development in Computer Science.
- To help students build-up a successful career in Computer Science and to produce entrepreneurs who develop software products

### Eligibility

- a. Batchelor of Computer Science (BCS) with 50% marks for open category and 45% marks for reserved category
- b. B. Sc. (Computer science) with 50% marks
- c. Batchelor of Engineering in Computer Science / Information Technology / Electronic Telecommunication with 50% marks
- d. B. Sc. In IT or B. Sc. In Entire Computer Science with 50% marks
- e. B. Voc. in Software Development / Information Technology with 50% marks
- f. B. Sc. Degree with Computer science as Principal subject or Computer Science as one of the subject at T. Y. B. Sc. Level for student with general B. Sc. With 50% marks

Structure of the Course: M. Sc.	(Computer Science)
---------------------------------	--------------------

Year	Semester	Course Type	Course Code	Course Title	Remark	Credit	No. of Lectures /Practical to be conducted			
			PSCS-111	Paradigms of Programming Languages		4	48			
		CC	PSCS-112	Design And Analysis of Algorithms		4	48			
			PSCS-113	Advanced Databases		4	48			
			PSCSELE- 114A	Cloud Computing		2	30			
1			PSCSELEP- 114A	Lab Course Based on Cloud Computing	12					
	Ι			OR						
		СВО	PSCSELE- 114B	Artificial Intelligence		2	30			
			СВО	PSCSELEP- 114B	Lab Course Based on Artificial Intelligence		2	12		
				OR						
			PSCSELE- 114C	Web Services		2	30			
			PSCSELEP- 114C	Lab Course Based on Web Services		2     30       2     12       2     30       2     12	12			
	CC PSCSF	PSCSP-115	Lab Course Based on Principles of Programming Languages and Advanced Databases		4	24				
		100	PSCYS1-11	Cyber Security – I		1	-			
		ALL	PSHR1-11	Human Rights - I		1	-			
	II	CC	PSCS-121	Advanced Operating Systems		4	48			
		11				PSCS-122	Mobile Technology		4	48

			PSCS-123	Full Stack Development - I		4	48
			PSCSELE- 124A	Project Design		2	30
		PSCSELEP- 124A	Project Implementation and Presentation		2	30	
			OR				
		CRO	PSCSELE-124B	Human Computer Interaction		2	30
		СВО	PSCSELEP- 124B	Lab Course Based on Human Computer Interaction		2	12
				OR			
			PSCSELE-124C	Soft Computing		2	30
			PSCSELEP- 124C	Lab Course Based on Soft Computing		2	12
		CC	PSCSP-125	Lab Course Based on Advanced Operating System and Mobile Technologies		4	24
		ACC	PSCYS2-12	Cyber Security – II		1	-
		ALL	PSHR2-12	Human Rights - II		1	-
		CC	PSCS-231	Design Patterns		4	48
			PSCS-232	Machine Learning		4	48
			PSCS-233	Full Stack Development - II		4	48
			PSCSELE-234A	Big Data		2 30	30
			PSCSELEP- 234A	Lab Course Based on Big Data		2	12
2	III			OR			
_			PSCSELE-234B	Web Analytics		2	30
		СВО	PSCSELEP- 234B	Lab Course Based on Web Analytics		2	12
				OR			
			PSCSELE-234C	Project Design		2	12
			PSCSELEP- 234C	Project Implementation and Presentation		2	12

MES' Abasaheb Garware College

	CC	PSCSP-235	Lab Course Based on Machine Learning and Full Stack Development - II	4	24
		PSCYS3-23	Cyber Security – III	1	-
	ACC	PSSD1-23	Skill Development – I	1	-
		PSIC-23	Introduction to Constitution	2	-
	CC	PSCSP-241	Industrial Training / Industrial Project	20	2/week
IV	IV	PSCYS4-24	Cyber Security – IV	1	-
	ACC	PSSD2-24	Skill Development – II	1	-

### FIRST YEAR/SEMESTER-I

# **Course Code and Title: PSCS-111 Paradigms of Programming Languages**

### Lectures: 48 (Credits-4)

### Prerequisites:

- Procedural Language like C
- Object-Oriented Languages (C++ and Java)
- Concepts of Operating Systems
- Basic Data Structures and Algorithms

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Separate syntax from semantics
- 2. Compare programming language designs
- 3. Understand their strengths and weaknesses
- 4. Learn new languages more quickly
- 5. Understand basic language implementation techniques

### Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. understand different programming language concepts
- 2. write efficient programs using different programming languages

### Unit 1: Introduction

- 1.1 The Art of Language Design
- 1.2 The Programming Language Spectrum
- 1.3 Why Study Programming Languages?
- 1.4 Compilation and Interpretation
- 1.5 Programming Environments

### Unit 2: Names, Scopes and Bindings

- 2.1 The Notion of Binding Time
- 2.2 Object Lifetime and Storage Management
- 2.3 Static Allocation, Stack-Based Allocation, Heap-Based Allocation, Garbage Collection Scope Rules
- 2.4 Static Scoping, Nested Subroutines, Declaration Order, Dynamic Scoping, The meaning of Names in a Scope
- 2.5 Aliases, Overloading, Polymorphism and Related Concepts, Binding of Referencing Environments

02

2.6 Subroutine Closures, First-Class Values and Unlimited Extent, Object Closures, Macro Expansion

### **Unit 3: Control Flow**

- 3.1 Expression Evaluation, Precedence and Associativity, Assignments, Initialization, Ordering Within Expressions, Short-Circuit Evaluation
- 3.2 Structured and Unstructured Flow, Structured Alternatives to Go To
- 3.3 Sequencing
- 3.4 Selection Short-Circuited Conditions, Case/Switch Statements Iteration
- 3.5 Iteration Enumeration-Controlled Loops, Combination Loops, Iterators, Logically Controlled Loops Recursion
- 3.6 Recursion Iteration and Recursion, Applicative- and Normal-Order Evaluation

### **Unit 4: Data Types**

**08** 

- 4.1. Introduction4.2. Primitive Data Types
- 4.3. Numeric Types: Integer, Floating point, Complex, Decimal, Boolean Types, Character Types
- 4.4. Character String Types
- 4.5. Design Issues, Strings and Their Operations, String Length Operations, Evaluation, Implementation of Character String Types
- 4.6. User defined Ordinal types Enumeration types, Designs Evaluation Subrange types, Ada's design Evaluation Implementation of user defined ordinal types
- 4.7. Array types
- 4.8. Design issues, Arrays and indices, Subscript bindings and array categories, Heterogeneous arrays, Array initialization, Array operations, Rectangular and Jagged arrays, Slices, Evaluation, Implementation of Array Types
- 4.9. Associative Arrays
- 4.10. Structure and operations, Implementing associative arrays,
- 4.11. Record types
- 4.12. Definitions of records, References to record fields, Operations on records, Evaluation, Implementation of Record types
- 4.13. Union Types
- 4.14. Design issues, Discriminated versus Free unions, Evaluation, Implementation of Union types
- 4.15. Pointer and Reference Types
- 4.16. Design issues, Pointer operations, Pointer problems, Dangling pointers, Lost heap dynamic variables, Pointers in C and C++, Reference types, Evaluation

4.17. Implementation of pointer and reference types - Representation of pointers and references Solution to dangling pointer problem Heap management

### **Unit 5: Subprograms and Implementing Subprograms**

05

- 5.1 Introduction
- 5.2 Fundamentals of Subprograms
- 5.3 Design Issues for subprograms
- 5.4 Local Referencing Environments
- 5.5 Parameter-Passing Methods
- 5.6 Parameters That Are
- 5.7 Subprograms
- 5.8 Overloaded Subprograms
- 5.9 Generic Subroutines, Generic Functions in C++, Generic Methods in Java
- 5.10 Design Issues for Functions
- 5.11 User-Defined Overloaded Operators
- 5.12 Coroutines
- 5.13 Implementing Subprograms
- 5.14 The General Semantics of Calls and Returns
- 5.15 Implementing "Simple" Subprograms
- 5.16 Implementing Subprograms with Stack-Dynamic Local Variables
- 5.17 Nested Subprograms
- 5.18 Blocks
- 5.19 Implementing Dynamic Scoping

### Unit 6: Data Abstraction and Object Orientation

- 6.1 Object-Oriented Programming
- 6.2 Encapsulation and Inheritance
- 6.3 Modules, Classes, Nesting (Inner Classes), Type Extensions, Extending without Inheritance
- 6.4 Initialization and Finalization
- 6.5 Choosing a Constructor, References and Values, Execution Order, Garbage Collection
- 6.6 Dynamic Method Binding
- 6.7 Virtual- and Non-Virtual Methods, Abstract Classes, Member Lookup, Polymorphism, Object Closures
- 6.8 Multiple Inheritance
- 6.9 Semantic Ambiguities, Replicated Inheritance, Shared Inheritance, Mix-In Inheritance

### **Unit 7: Concurrency**

- 7.1 Introduction: Multiprocessor Architecture
- 7.2 Categories of concurrency, Motivations for
- 7.3 studying concurrency

- 7.4 Introduction to Subprogram-level, concurrency Fundamental concepts, Language Design for concurrency, Design Issues
- 7.5 Semaphores Introduction Cooperation synchronization, Competition Synchronization, Evaluation
- 7.6 Monitors Introduction, Cooperation synchronization, Competition Synchronization, Evaluation,
- 7.7 Message Passing Introduction- The concept of Synchronous Message Passing
- 7.8 Java Threads The Thread class –Priorities, Competition Synchronization Cooperation Synchronization, Evaluation

### Unit 8: Functional Programming in Scala

10

- 8.1 Strings
- 8.2 Numbers
- 8.3 Control Structures
- 8.4 Classes and Properties
- 8.5 Methods
- 8.6 Objects
- 8.7 Functional Programming
- 8.8 List, Array, Map, Set

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Programming Language Pragmatics, 3e by Michel L. Scott, Publication: Kaufmann Publishers, An Imprint of Elsevier, USA
- 2. Concepts of Programming Languages, Eighth Edition by Robert W. Sebesta, Publication: Pearson Education
- 3. Scala Cookbook by Alvin Alexander, Publication: O'REILLY publication

### Course Code and Title: PSCS-112 Design and Analysis of Algorithm

Lectures: 48 (Credits-4)

### **Prerequisites:**

• Basic knowledge of algorithms, programming concepts and Data Structures

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To learn basic Algorithm Analysis techniques and understand the use of asymptotic notation
- 2. To select the appropriate algorithm by doing necessary analysis of algorithms
- 3. Understand different algorithm design strategies
- 4. Understand the use of data structures in improving algorithm performance
- 5. Understand classification of problems

### **Learning Outcomes:**

After completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. compare functions using asymptotic analysis and describe the relative performance
- 2. solve recurrences using the master and the substitution method
- 3. use the design techniques introduced i.e., dynamic programming, greedy algorithm etc. to design algorithms for more complex problems and analyse their performance.
- 4. be familiar with the major graph algorithms and their analyses

### Unit 1: Basics of Algorithms

- 1.1. Algorithm definition and characteristics
- 1.2. Space complexity analysis
- 1.3. Time complexity analysis
- 1.4. Solving recurrence relations using Master and Substitution method

### **Unit 2: Divide and Conquer Strategy**

- 2.1 Control abstraction
- 2.2 Binary search with time complexity
- 2.3 Merge sort, Quick sort with best, average and worst-case time complexity analysis
- 2.4 Booth's multiplication algorithm
- 2.5 Strassen's Matrix Multiplication with time complexity

### **Unit 3: Greedy Method**

- 3.1 Control abstraction
- 3.2 Fractional Knapsack problem
- 3.3 Job sequencing with deadlines
- 3.4 Minimum-cost spanning trees: Kruskal's and Prim's algorithm

04

06

12

06

05

05

02

3.5 Optimal	storage on tape
-------------	-----------------

- 3.6 Optimal merge patterns
- 3.7 Huffman coding
- 3.8 Shortest Path: Dijkstra's Algorithm

### Unit 4: Dynamic Programming

- 4.1 Principle of optimality
- 4.2 Matrix chain multiplication
- 4.3 0/1 Knapsack Problem
- 4.4 Merge & Purge
- 4.5 Functional Method
- 4.6 All pairs Shortest Path (Floyd Warshall Algorithm)
- 4.7 Bellman ford algorithm
- 4.8 Longest common subsequence
- 4.9 String editing
- 4.10 Boyer moore algorithm
- 4.11 Travelling Salesperson problem

### Unit 5: Decrease and Conquer

- 5.1 Graph definition and its representation
- 5.2 Graph traversals- DFS and BFS
- 5.3 Types of edges
- 5.4 Topological sort/order and its application
- 5.5 Connected components and strongly connected components
- 5.6 Articulation Point and Bridge

### Unit 6: Backtracking

- 6.1 General method
- 6.2 Fixed Tuple vs. Variable Tuple formulation
- 6.3 n-Queen's problem (n=4)
- 6.4 Graph coloring problem
- 6.5 Hamiltonian cycle
- 6.6 Sum of subsets

### Unit 7: Branch and Bound

- 7.1 Introduction
- 7.2 Types of searching (FIFO BB, LIFO, LCBB)
- 7.3 Bounding Function, Ranking Function
- 7.4 Traveling Salesman problem Using Variable tuple formulation

### 7.5 0/1 knapsack problem

### **Unit 8: Problem Classification**

- 8.1 Deterministic v/s non-deterministic algorithm
- 8.2 The class of P, NP, NP-hard and NP Complete problems
- 8.3 Introduction to Approximation Algorithms

### M. Sc.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Computer algorithms by Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahani, Sanguthevar Rajasekaran, Publication: Galgotia Publication
- 2. Algorithms by T. Cormen, C. Leiserson, & R. Rivest, Publication: MIT Press
- 3. The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms by A. Aho, J. Hopcroft & J. Ullman, Publication: Addison Wesley

### **Course Code and Title: PSCS-113 Advanced Databases**

### Lectures: 48 (Credits-4)

### Prerequisites:

- Knowledge of file system concepts
- Strong foundation of Related database Concepts (Basic& Advanced)
- A firm foundation of any RDBMS package

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Provide an overview of the concept of NoSQL technology.
- 2. Provide an insight to the different types of NoSQL databases
- 3. Make the student capable of making a choice of what database technologies to use, based on their application needs.

### Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course students will be able to -

- 1. define, compare and use the four types of NoSQL Databases (Document-oriented, Key-Value Pairs, Column-oriented and Graph).
- 2. explain the detailed architecture, define objects, load data, query data and performance tune Document-oriented NoSQL databases.
- 3. explain the detailed architecture, define objects, load data, query data and performance tune Graph NoSQL databases.
- 4. evaluate NoSQL database development tools and programming languages.
- 5. perform hands-on NoSQL database lab assignments that will allow students to use NoSQL database types via products such as MongoDB and Neo4J.

### **Unit 1: Introduction to NoSQL**

- 1.1 Brief History of NoSQL Databases
- 1.2 NoSQL Database Features
- 1.3 Difference between RDBMS and NoSQL
- 1.4 Why NoSQL?
- 1.5 Types of NoSQL Database
  - 1.5.1 Key Value Databases
  - 1.5.2 Document Databases
  - 1.5.3 Column Family Databases
  - 1.5.4 Graph Databases
- 1.6 When should NoSQL be Used?
- 1.7 NoSQL Database Misconceptions

Unit 2: A	Aggregate Data Models	06
2.1	What is an Aggregate?	
2.2	Differentiate between an Aggregate Data Model and Relational Data M	/lodel
	using an example.	
2.3	Introduction to Aggregates oriented databases	
	2.3.1 Key Value Database	
	2.3.2 Document Database	
	2.3.3 Column Family Database	
2.4	Consequences of Aggregate Orientation	
Unit 3:	Distribution Models	03
3.1	Single Server	
3.2	Sharding	
3.3	Master – Slave Replication	
3.4	Peer to Peer Replication	
3.5	Combining sharding and replication	
Unit 4:	CAP Theorem	04
4.1	What are Distributed Database Systems?	
4.2	What is CAP Theorem?	
4.3	Understanding the terms of CAP Theorem	
	4.3.1 Consistency	
	4.3.2 Availability	
	4.3.3 Partition Tolerance	
4.4	Understanding CAP Theorem with an example	
Unit 5:	Map Reduce	04
5.1	Basic Map-Reduce	
5.2	Partitioning and Combining	
5.3	Composing Map-Reduce Calculations	
5.4	Two stage Map-Reduce	
5.5	Incremental Map-Reduce	
Unit 6:	Advanced Features of NoSQL	06
6.1	Schema Migration	
6.2	Version Stamps	
6.3	Polyglot Persistence	
6.4	Databases on Cloud	
6.5	Database Optimization	
6.6	Choosing your database	
Unit 7:	Document Database - MongoDB	11
7.1.	MongoDB Overview	
7.2.	Advantages of MongoDB	
7.3.	Environment Setup	
7.4.	Data Modelling in MongoDB	

7.5. Database and Collection Creation/Update/Deletion

- 7.6. Data Types
- 7.7. Insert / Update / Delete Document
- 7.8. Projection / Limit / Sort Records in MongoDB
- 7.9. Relationships / Covered Queries / Indexing / Aggregation / Replication /
- 7.10. Object ID / Map Reduce / Regular Expressions
- 7.11. Capped Collection / Auto Increment Sequence
- 7.12. Connecting to MongoDB using Java.
- 7.13. Lots of Practice Query Examples
- 7.14. A Simple Case Study

### Unit 8: Graph Database - Neo4J

- 8.1 Overview
- 8.2 Data Model
- 8.3 Environment Setup
- 8.4 Building Blocks
- 8.5 Introduction to CQL (Cypher Query Language)
- 8.6 Creating nodes and relationships using CQL
- 8.7 Merge / Set / Delete / Remove / Match / For Each / Where / Count
- 8.8 Return / Order by/ Limit / Skip / String Functions/ Aggregation
- 8.9 Lots of Practice Query Examples
- 8.10 A Simple Case Study

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. NoSQL Distilled by Pramod Sadalge, Martin Fowler, Publication: Pearson Education
- 2. NoSQL for Dummies A Willy Brand
- 3. MongoDB Cookbook Second Edition by Cyrus Dasadia, Amol Nayak, PCKT Publication
- 4. Beginning Neo4j by Chris Kemper, Publication: Apress

### **Course Code and Title: PSCSELE-114A Cloud Computing**

### Lectures: 30 (Credits-2)

### Prerequisites:

- Operating System
- Fundamentals of Computer Networks
- Good Understanding of Object-Oriented Programming Concepts

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To learn the principles and paradigm of Cloud Computing
- 2. To appreciate the role of Virtualization Technologies
- 3. To develop ability to design and deploy Cloud Infrastructure

### Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this course student will able to -

- 1. understand core concepts of cloud computing paradigm.
- 2. get into system, network and storage virtualization and outline their role in enabling the cloud computing system mode.
- 3. apply fundamental concepts in cloud infrastructures to understand the trade-offs in power, efficiency and cost.

### **Unit 1: Introduction to Cloud Computing**

- 1.1 Overview
- 1.2 Layers and Types of Cloud
- 1.3 Desired Features of a Cloud
- 1.4 Benefits and Disadvantages of Cloud Computing
- 1.5 Cloud Infrastructure Management
- 1.6 Infrastructure as a Service Providers
- 1.7 Platform as a Service Providers
- 1.8 Multitenant Technology.
- 1.9 Cloud-Enabling Technology: Broadband Networks and Internet Architecture, Data Centre Technology, Virtualization Technology
- 1.10 Infrastructure as a Service, Platform as a Service, Software as a Service, Cloud Deployment Models.

### **Unit 2: Abstraction and Virtualization**

- 2.1 Introduction to Virtualization Technologies
- 2.2 Load Balancing and Virtualization
- 2.3 Understanding Hypervisors
- 2.4 Virtual Machines Provisioning and Manageability Virtual Machine Migration Services
- 2.5 Provisioning in the Cloud Context Virtualization of CPU, Memory, I/O Devices, Virtual Clusters and Resource management

07

### M. Sc.

### **Unit 3: Programming, Environments and Applications**

- 3.1 Features of Cloud and Grid platforms
- 3.2 Programming Support of Google App Engine
- 3.3 Programming on Amazon AWS and Microsoft Azure
- 3.4 Emerging Cloud Software Environments
- 3.5 Applications: Moving application to cloud
- 3.6 Microsoft Cloud Services
- 3.7 Google Cloud Applications
- 3.8 Amazon Cloud Services
- 3.9 CI/CD pipelines for microservices
- 3.10 Cloud Applications.

### Unit 4: Security in The Cloud

- 4.1 Security Overview Cloud Security
- 4.2 Challenges and Risks
  - 4.2.1 Software-as-a-Service Security
  - 4.2.2 Security Governance
  - 4.2.3 Risk Management
  - 4.2.4 Security Monitoring
  - 4.2.5 Security Architecture Design
  - 4.2.6 Data Security
  - 4.2.7 Application Security
  - 4.2.8 Virtual Machine Security
- 4.3 Identity Management and Access Control
- 4.4 Disaster Recovery in Clouds

### **Reference Books:**

- Cloud Computing: Technologies and Strategies of the Ubiquitous Data Centre by Brian J.S. Chee and Curtis Franklin Publication: CRC Press, ISBN :9781439806128
- Mastering Cloud Computing: Foundations and Applications Programming by Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. ThamaraiSelvi Publication: McGraw Hill, ISBN: 978 1259029950, 1259029956
- 3. Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things by Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C Fox, Jack G Dongarra Publication: Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2012.

07

### M. Sc.

# Course Code and Title: PSCSELEP-114A Lab Course Based on Cloud Computing

Practical: 12 (Credits-2)

### List of Sample Assignments:

- 1. Working and Implementation of Infrastructure as a service.
- 2. Working and Implementation of Software as a service.
- 3. Working and Implementation of Platform as a service.
- 4. Practical Implementation of Storage as a Service.
- 5. Working of Google drive to make spreadsheet and notes.
- 6. Working and Implementation of identity management.
- 7. Write a program for web feed.
- 8. Execute the step to Demonstrate and implementation of cloud on single sign on.
- 9. Practical Implementation of cloud security.
- 10. Installing and Developing Application Using Google App Engine.
- 11. Implement VMWAreESXi Server
- 12. Using OpenNebula to manage heterogeneous distributed data center Infrastructure.
- 13. Implementation of Cloud Failure Cluster.
- 14. Managing and working of cloud xen server.
- 15. Working with Aneka and demonstrate how to Managing cloud computing Resources.
- 16. Installation and configuration of cloud Hadoop and demonstrate simple query.
- 17. Create a sample mobile application using Amazon Web Service (AWS) account as a cloud service. Also provide database connectivity with implemented mobile application.

### **Course Code and Title: PSCSELE- 114B Artificial Intelligence**

Lectures: 30 (Credits-2)

### **Prerequisites:**

- Basic concepts of algorithms and Data Structures.
- Basics of Formal Logic.
- Any One Programming C/CPP/ Java/ Python.

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand a historical perspective of AI and its foundations.
- 2. To learn principles of AI.
- 3. To learn of different strategies and implementing them to solve problems.

### Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this course students will able to -

- 1. solve problems using AI techniques.
- 2. ready with foundation required to develop Expert Systems.

Unit 1: Introduction to Artificial Intelligence	04
1.1 The History of Artificial Intelligence	
1.2 Applications of Artificial Intelligence	
1.3 Intelligent Agents, Types of Agents	
1.4 Concept of State Space Search	
1.5 Control Strategies	
1.6 Problem Characteristics	
1.7 Issues in Design of Search Program	
1.8 Production System and Water-Jug Problem	
Unit 2: Uninformed Search Techniques	04
2.1 DFS, BFS, Depth Limited Search	
2.2 Uniform Cost Search.	
2.3 Iterative Deepening	
2.4 Bidirectional Search	
Unit 3: Informed Search Techniques	06
3.1 Introduction to Heuristic	
3.2 Hill Climbing	
3.3 Best First Search	
3.4 A*, AO*, IDA*, SMA*	
Unit 4: Adversarial Search	04
4.1 Game Theory	
4.2 Two-player zero-sum games	
4.3 Min-Max Search	
4.4 Alpha Beta Pruning	
4.5 Limitations of Game Search Algorithms	

12

### Unit 5: Knowledge Representation (KR) and Reasoning

- 5.1 KR in Propositional Logic
- 5.2 KR in Predicate Logic
- 5.3 Representing Simple facts in Logic
- 5.4 Resolution
- 5.5 Forward and backward chaining
- 5.6 Probabilistic reasoning, Utility theory, Hidden Markov Models (HMM)
- 5.7 Bayesian Networks
- 5.8 Belief Networks, Simple Inference in Belief Networks

### **Unit 6: Expert System**

04

- 6.1 Concept
- 6.2 Expert System Shells
- 6.3 Explanation
- 6.4 Knowledge Acquisition

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Artificial Intelligence, 2nd Edition by Elain Rich and Kevin Knight Publication: Tata McGraw Hill, 1995
- 2. Artificial Intelligence a Modern Approach, 2nd Edition by Stuart Russel and Peter Norvig

Publication: Pearson Education, 2003 / PHI

3. A Guide to Expert Systems by Donald A. Waterman Publication: Pearson Education

# Course Code and Title: PSCSELEP-114B Lab Course Based on Artificial Intelligence

Practical: 12 (Credits-2)

### List of Sample Assignments:

(Student can choose any programming language to do assignments.)

- 1. Write a program to implement Breadth First Search Traversal.
- 2. Write a program to implement Depth First Search Traversal.
- 3. Write a program to implement A\*
- 4. Write a program to count total number of goal states
- 5. Write a program to implement uniform cost search
- 6. Write a program to implement Water Jug Problem.
- 7. Implement two player game using minimax search algorithm.

8. Write a program to calculate n from initial state and goal state of 8-puzzle problem. 'n' is the number of tiles that are not at expected place according to goal state.

Case Study - It should be done individually on the topic of Knowledge Representation and reasoning.

### **Course Code and Title: PSCSELE-114C Web Services**

### Lectures: 30 (Credits-2)

### Prerequisites:

- Strong knowledge about Java programming.
- Good Understanding of Object- Oriented Programming concepts.
- Must be familiar with XML.

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To learn the details of web services technologies like WSDL, UDDI, SOAP
- 2. To learn how to implement and deploy web service client and server
- 3. To explore interoperability between different frameworks
- 4. To get ready for creating web service using OOP concept

### Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this course student will bale to -

- 1. understand the principles of SOA, SOAP.
- 2. efficiently use market leading environment tools to create and consume web services.
- 3. identify and select the appropriate framework components in creation of webservice solution
- 4. apply OOP principles to creation of web service solutions.

### Unit 1: Web Service and SOA fundamentals Introduction to Web Services 06

- 1.1 The definition of web services
- 1.2 Basic operational model of web services
- 1.3 Tools and technologies enabling web services
- 1.4 Benefits and challenges of using web services.
- 1.5 Web Services Architecture
  - 1.5.1 Web services Architecture and its characteristics
  - 1.5.2 Core building blocks of web services
  - 1.5.3 Standards and technologies available for implementing web services
  - 1.5.4 Web services communication models
  - 1.5.5 Basic steps of implementing web services.

### **Unit 2: SOAP: Simple Object Access Protocol**

- 2.1 Inter-application communication and wire protocols
- 2.2 SOAP as a messaging protocol
- 2.3 Structure of a SOAP message
- 2.4 SOAP communication model

- 2.5 Building SOAP Web Services
- 2.6 Developing SOAP Web Services using Java
- 2.7 Error handling in SOAP
- 2.8 Advantages and disadvantages of SOAP.

### **Unit 3: Describing and Discovering Web Services**

- 3.1 WSDL WSDL in the world of Web Services
- 3.2 Web Services life cycle
- 3.3 Anatomy of WSDL definition document
- 3.4 WSDL bindings, WSDL Tools, limitations of WSDL
- 3.5 Service discovery, role of service discovery in a SOA
- 3.6 Service discovery mechanisms
- 3.7 UDDI UDDI Registries, uses of UDDI Registry,
- 3.8 Programming with UDDI
- 3.9 UDDI data structures
- 3.10 Support for categorization in UDDI Registries
- 3.11 Publishing API, Publishing information to a UDDI Registry, searching information in a UDDI Registry, deleting information in a UDDI Registry, limitations of UDDI.

### Unit 4: The REST Architectural style

- 4.1 Introducing HTTP
- 4.2 Core architectural elements of a RESTful system
- 4.3 Description and discovery of RESTful web services
- 4.4 Java tools and frameworks for building RESTful web services
- 4.5 JSON message format and tools and frameworks around JSON
- 4.6 Build RESTful web services with JAX-RS APIs
- 4.7 The Description and Discovery of RESTful Web Services
- 4.8 Design guidelines for building RESTful web services
- 4.9 Secure RESTful web services
- 4.10 Understanding token-based authorization mechanism and implement using REST API.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Building Web Services with Java, 2nd Edition by S. Graham and others Publication: Pearson Edn., 2008.
- 2. J2EE Web Services by Richard Monson-Haefel Publication: Pearson Education.
- 3. Java Web Services Programming by R.Mogha,V.V.Preetham Publication: Wiley India Pvt.Ltd.
- 4. XML, Web Services, and the Data Revolution by F.P.Coyle Publication: Pearson Education

# Course Code and Title: PSCSELEP-114C Lab Course Based on Web Services

### Practical: 12 (Credits-2)

### List of Sample Assignments:

- 1. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to greet the user according to server time and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send username and test the web service.
- 2. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to convert Celsius to Fahrenheit and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send Celsius and test the web service.
- 3. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to find the factorial of a given number and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send a positive integer number and test the web service.
- 4. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to validate email id (use regular expression) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send email id and test the web service.
- 5. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to validate username and password (use a database for storing username and password) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send username and password and test the web service.
- 6. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to select employee details (use a database for storing emp details (eno, ename, designation, salary)) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send employee name and display the details.
- 7. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to select Movie details (Movie(mno, mname,release\_year) and Actor(ano,aname), 1
  : M cardinality ) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send actor name and display the details.
- 8. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to validate mobile no (use regular expression: should contain only 10 numeric no) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send mobile no and test the web service.
- 9. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to convert Rupees to Dollar, Pound, Euro,.... and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send an amount in Rupees & type of conversion and tests the web service.

# Course Code and Title: PSCSP-115 Lab Course Based on Principles of Programming Languages and Advanced Databases

Practical: 24 (Credits-4)

### List of PPL Assignments:

- 1. Assignments of Control Structures
- 2. Assignments on Arrays
- 3. Assignments on String
- 4. Assignments on Classes and Objects
- 5. Assignments of Lists
- 6. Assignments on Maps
- 7. Assignments on Sets

### List of Advanced Databases (MongoDB) Assignments:

- 1. Assignment on Movie Database Creating Collections Film and Actor and inserting documents in both the collections.
- Assignment on Company Database Creating Collections Employee and Transaction and inserting documents in both the collections
- 3. Write Queries on Movie Database
- 4. Write Queries on Company Database

### List of Advanced Databases (Neo4J) Assignments:

- 1. Create a library database as graph model.
- 2. Create a song database as graph model
- 3. Create an employee database as graph model
- 4. Create a social network database as graph model
- 5. Write simple queries on all graph models
- 6. Write complex queries on all graph models

# **FIRST YEAR/ SEMESTER-II**

# **Course Code and Title: PSCS-121 Advanced Operating Systems** Lectures: 48 (Credits-04)

### **Prerequisite:**

- Working knowledge of C programming.
- Basic Computer Architecture concepts.
- Basic algorithms and data structure concepts

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To learn Advanced Operating Systems Concepts using Unix/Linux.
- 2. To understand the programming interface to the Unix/Linux system the system call interface.
- 3. To grasp the concepts underlying in the design and implementation of Operating Systems.

### **Learning Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. implement advanced operating systems concepts in C.
- 2. develop efficient system software.
- 3. easier to understand internals of other operating systems and their functionalities.

### Unit 1: Introduction to UNIX/Linux Kernel

- 1.1 System Structure
- **1.2 User Perspective**
- 1.3 Assumptions about Hardware
- 1.4 Architecture of UNIX Operating System
- **1.5 Introduction to System Concepts**

### **Unit 2: Implementation of File Subsystem**

- 2.1 Buffer headers, structure of the buffer pool, scenarios for retrieval of a buffer
- 2.2 reading and writing disk blocks, inodes, structure of regular file, Directories, Conversion of a Pathname to an i-node, super block, inode assignment to a new file, allocation of disk blocks
- 2.3 open, read, write, lseek, close, creat, mknod, chdir, chroot, chown, chmod, stat, fstat, pipes, dup, mount, umount, link, unlink

### **Unit 3: Operations on Files**

- 3.1 open, creat, file sharing, atomic operations, dup2, sync, fsync, and fdatasync, fcntl, /dev/fd
- 3.2 stat, fstat, lstat, file types, Set-User-ID and Set-Group-ID

10

06

- 3.3 file access permissions, ownership of new files and directories
- 3.4 access function, umask function, chmod and fchmod
- 3.5 sticky bit
- 3.6 chown, fchown, and lchown, file size, file truncation, file systems
- 3.7 link, unlink, remove, and rename functions, symbolic links, symlink and readlink functions
- 3.8 file times, utime, mkdir and rmdir, reading directories, chdir, fchdir, and getcwd, device special files

### **Unit 4: Process Control, Scheduling and time**

- 4.1 Process states and transitions, Layout of system memory, the context of a process, saving the context of a process, sleep, wakeup
- 4.2 Process creation, signals, process termination, awaiting process termination, invoking other programs, the user id of a process, changing the size of the process, The Shell, System boot and the init process
- 4.3 Process Scheduling, system calls for time

### **Unit 5: Process Environment and Relationships**

- 5.1 Process termination
- 5.2 Environment list
- 5.3 Memory layout of a C program
- 5.4 shared libraries, environment variables
- 5.5 setjmp and longjmp, getrlimit and setrlimit
- 5.6 process identifiers, fork, vfork, exit, wait and waitpid, waitid, wait3 and wait4
- 5.7 Race conditions, exec
- 5.8 changing user IDs and group IDs, system function, user identification, process times

### **Unit 6: Memory Management**

- 6.1 The Process Address Space, Allocating Dynamic Memory, Managing Data Segment, Anonymous Memory Mappings, Advanced Memory Allocation, Debugging Memory Allocations, Stack-Based Allocations, choosing a Memory Allocation Mechanism, Manipulating Memory, Locking Memory, Opportunistic Allocation
- 6.2 Swapping, Demand Paging

### **Unit 7: Signal Handling**

7.1 Signal concepts, signal function, unreliable signals

7.2 interrupted system calls, reentrant functions

- 7.3 SIGCLD semantics, reliable-signal technology
- 7.4 kill and raise, alarm and pause, signal sets, sigprocmask,

MES' Abasaheb Garware College

### 04

27

sigpending, sigsetjmp and siglongjmp, sigsuspend, sigaction, sigqueue

7.5 abort, system function revisited, sleep, nanosleep, and clock\_nanosleep Functions

### **Reference Books**

- 1. The Design of the UNIX Operating System, Maurice J. Bach., PHI
- 2. Advanced Programming in the UNIX Environment, Richard Stevens, Addison-Wesley
- 3. Linux System Programming, Robert Love, O'Reilly

### Course Code and Title: PSCS-122 Mobile Technology

### Lectures: 48 (Credits- 04)

### Prerequisite:

- Basic knowledge about programming
- Learning of Java or Kotlin
- Concepts of OOPs
- Knowledge about any database management system
- Understanding of XML

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To learn installation and configuration of android development tools
- 2. To learn to design and development of user interfaces
- 3. To be able to apply location-based services and to connect to SQLite database
- 4. To learn to install .apk file on android device

### **Learning Outcomes:**

After completion of this course students will be able to -

- 1. install and configure Android application development tools.
- 2. design and develop user Interfaces for the Android platform.
- 3. apply Java programming concepts to Android application development.
- 4. do installation of apk file.

### **Unit 1: Introduction to Android**

- 1.1 A little Background about mobile technologies
- 1.2 Overview of Android An Open Platform for Mobile development Open Handset Alliance
- 1.3 Installation of JDK and Android Studio

### Unit 2: Developing for Android: My First Android Application

- 2.1 How to setup Android Development Environment.
- 2.2 Android development Framework Android-SDK
- 2.3 Eclipse Emulators What is an Emulator / Android AVD?
- 2.4 Creating & setting up custom Android emulator
- 2.5 Android Project Framework
- 2.6 My First Android Application

### **Unit 3: Android Activities and UI Design**

3.1 Understanding Intent, Activity, Activity Lifecycle and Manifest

3.2 Creating Application and new Activities

3.3 Expressions and Flow control, Android Manifest Simple UI -Layouts and Layout

- 3.4 Properties, Fundamental Android UI Design
- MES' Abasaheb Garware College

10

02

3.5 Introducing Layouts, Creating new Layouts, Drawable Resources

3.6 Resolution and density independence (px, dip, dp, sip, sp)

3.7XML Introduction to GUI objects viz.

3.8 Push Button, Text / Labels, Edit Text, Toggle Button, Weight Sum Padding, Layout, Weight

### Unit 4: Advanced UX / UI Programming

- 4.1 Event driven Programming in Android (Text Edit, Button clicked etc.)
- 4.2 Android Activity Lifecycle
- 4.3 Understanding the Exception
- 4.4 Toast, Menu, Dialog, List and Adapters What is Menu?
- 4.5 Custom Vs. System Menus
- 4.6 Creating and Using Handset menu Button (Hardware)
- 4.7 What are Android Themes? What is Dialog? How to create an Alter Dialog?
- 4.8 What is Toast in Android?
- 4.9 List & Adapters
- 4.10 Manifest.xml File Upd
- 4.11 Understanding the role of UX design in Android app development.

### **Unit 5: Multimedia Programming and SQLite Database**

- 5.1 Multimedia audio formats Creating and Playing
- 5.2 Multimedia audio formats Kill / Releasing (Memory Management)
- 5.3 How to associate audio in any application
- 5.4 How to associate video playback with an event
- 5.5 Introducing SQLite
- 5.6 SQLite Open Helper and creating a database
- 5.7 Opening and closing a database
- 5.8 Working with cursors Inserts, updates, and deletes

### Unit 6: Location Based Services and Google Maps Using Location Based Services

- 6.1 Working with Google Maps
  - 6.2 Notifications
  - 6.3 Notification Manager
  - 6.4 Pending Intent Notifications (Show and Cancel)
  - 6.5 How to develop your own custom-made Web browser
  - 6.6 How to use Web-view object in XML

### **Unit 7: Android Development using other Tools**

- 7.1 Other ways to Develop Android Applications
- 7.2 Graphics / Game development using Adobe CS5.5 Flash
- 7.3 How to render .apk file from Adobe Flash

12

06

- 7.4 How to use LogCat (Verbose, Debug, Info, Warn, Error, Assert)
- 7.5 Use of Perspectives
- 7.6 Installation of .apk How to install .apk into your Android Mobile

### **Reference Books**

- 1. Android Programming: The Big Nerd Ranch Guide (Big Nerd Ranch Guides), 2013 by Bill Phillips and Brian Hardy
- 2. Professional Android 4 Application Development, 2012 by Reto Meier
- 3. Android Application Development in 24 Hours, Sams Teach Yourself (4th Edition), 2015 by Carmen Delessio and Lauren Darcey.

### Course Code and Title: PSCS-123 Full Stack Development - I Lectures: 48 (Credits- 04)

### **Prerequisite:**

- Basics of Scripting Language
- Concept of client and server
- Concept of Web Server

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand and learn modern web technologies.
- 2. To understand server-side programming.
- 3. To learn developing basic interactive web application.

### **Learning Outcomes:**

After completion of this course students will be able to -

- 1. write programs that are server-side scripting.
- 2. know about latest web development tools and techniques in IT industry.
- 3. get ready for advanced level of Full Stack Development Course.

### **Unit 1: Introduction**

- 1.1 How Web works?
- 1.2 What is Full Stack Development?
- 1.3 What is ECMA Script?
- 1.4 Concept of Client-Side Scripting
- 1.5 Concept of Server-Side Scripting
- 1.6 Concept of Framework

### Unit 2: Basics of JavaScript

- 2.1 JavaScript Variables and Operators
- 2.2 JavaScript Arrays and Functions
- 2.3 Importance and need of JavaScript Objects
- 2.4 JavaScript Events
- 2.5 Async Functions
- 2.6 Promises and Callback

### Unit 3: Introduction to Node.js

- 3.1 Traditional Web Server Model
- 3.2 Concept of Node.js and Event Loop
- 3.3 Installing Node.js

3.4 Components of Node.js Application

- 3.5 Modules, Types of Modules
- 3.6 Concept and examples of export

04

10

### 3.7 Create a basic application

### Unit 4: Node Package Manager

- 4.1 What is Node Package Manager (NPM)?
- 4.2 Packages in Node.js
- 4.3 Local and global Packages
- 4.4 Dependencies in packages
- 4.5 Managing dependencies
- 4.6 Updating packages

### Unit 5: Express.js

- 5.1 REST, RESTful services
- 5.2 Introduction to Express Frameworks
- 5.3 Working with Express Framework
- 5.4 Routing
- 5.5 Routes, Views and Public Assets
- 5.6 Handling HTTP GET/POST request
- 5.7 Calling Endpoints using Postman
- 5.8 Helpers and Module
- 5.9 Form Validation
- 5.10 Fetching Data

### Unit 6: Working with Databases

- 6.1 Connection String
- 6.2 Configuring
- 6.3 Working with Select command
- 6.4 Various database operations
- 6.5 MongoDB
- 6.6 Mongoose ODM
- 6.7 Mongoose Schema
- 6.8 Mongoose Model
- 6.9 Querying with Mongoose
- 6.10 Aggregations in mongodb

### **Reference Books**

- 1. Mastering Nod.js, Sandro Pasquali, Packt
- 2. Node.js complete reference guide, Velentin Bojinov, David Herron, Dioge Resende, Packt
- 3. Smashing Node.js, Java Script Everywhere, Guillermo Rauch, WILEY

12

### Course Code and Title: PSCSELE-124A Project Design Practical: 12 (Credits- 02)

### Guidelines:

- 1. Students should work in a team of minimum 2 and maximum 3 students.
- 2. Students can choose a project topic without any restriction on technology or domain.
- 3. Students are expected to carry out the following tasks during project work
  - a. Problem Identification
  - b. Literature Review/ Study
  - c. Feasibility Study
  - d. Design (includes DB design, system flow or design diagrams)
  - e. Modelling (if applicable)
- 4. Track sheet will be maintained by project guide for each group separately.
- 5. Project guide will conduct presentation for the work done (mentioned in point no. 3)

### Internal Assessment - 15M

- Continuous assessment of project work will be done by keeping track of work.
- Based on points from a to e, evaluation for 15 marks will be done.

### External Assessment - 35M

- Report writing for points from a to e 20 marks
- Presentation work 15 marks

# Course Code and Title: PSCSELEP-124A Project Implementation and Presentation

Practical: 12 (Credits-02)

### **Guidelines**:

- 1. Project groups will work on actual development and/or implementation of proposed idea/topic.
- 2. Record of progress will also be maintained by keeping track sheet.
- 3. At the end of the project, the group should prepare a report which should conform to international academic standards. The report should follow the style in academic journals and books, with clear elements such as: abstract, background, aim, design and implementation, testing, conclusion and full references, Tables and figures should be numbered and referenced to in the report.
- 4. Minimum 2 demos will be conducted for the project work.
- 5. The final project presentation with demonstration (EE) will be evaluated.

### Internal Assessment - 15M

- Seminar for the work done or presentation of the project work in the conference by writing research paper.
- Overall weekly work done by the project group.

### External Assessment - 35M

- Report writing 10 marks
- Demonstration 25 marks

## Course Code and Title: PSCSELE-124B Human Computer Interaction Lectures: 30 (Credits- 02)

### Prerequisite:

- Foundations of Human Computer Interaction
- Be familiar with the design technologies for individuals and persons with disabilities
- Be aware of mobile HCI
- Learn the guidelines for user interface.

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To design effective dialog for HCI.
- 2. To identify the impact of usable interfaces in the acceptance and performance utilization of information systems.
- 3. To give insight into the research area.

### Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this course students will be able to -

- 1. understand what HCI design is.
- 2. develop interfaces ranging from WIMPs (windows, icons, menus, pointers) to wearables

### Unit 1: Foundations of HCI

- 1.1 The Human: I/O channels Memory Reasoning and problem solving
- 1.2 The computer: Devices Memory processing and networks
- 1.3 Interaction: Models frameworks Ergonomics styles elements interactivity-Paradigms.

### **Unit 2: Design & Software Process**

- 2.1 Interactive Design basics process scenarios navigation screen design Iteration and prototyping
- 2.2 HCI in software process software life cycle usability engineering Prototyping in practice design rationale
- 2.3 Design rules principles, standards, guidelines, rules. Evaluation Techniques Universal Design

### **Unit 3: Models and Theories**

- 3.1 Cognitive models
- 3.2 Socio-Organizational issues and stake holder requirements
- 3.3 Communication and collaboration models
- MES' Abasaheb Garware College

06

06

3.4 Hypertext

3.5 Multimedia and www.

### **Unit 4: Mobile HCI**

- 4.1 Mobile Ecosystem: Platforms, Application frameworks
- 4.2 Types of Mobile Applications: Widgets, Applications, Games
- 4.3 Mobile Information Architecture
- 4.4 Mobile 2.0
- 4.5 Mobile Design: Elements of Mobile Design, Tools.

### **Unit 5: Web Interface Design**

- 5.1 Designing Web Interfaces
- 5.2 Drag & Drop, Direct Selection
- 5.3 Contextual Tools
- 5.4 Overlays
- 5.5 Inlays and Virtual Pages
- 5.6 Process Flow
- 5.7 Case Studies

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Human Computer Interaction, (Chapter 1, 2 & 3) Alan Dix, Janet Finlay, Gregory Abowd, Russell Beale, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2004
- 2. Mobile Design and Development, (Chapter 4) Brian Fling, First Edition, O'Reilly Media Inc., 2009
- 3. Designing Web Interfaces, (Chapter 5) Bill Scott and Theresa Neil, First Edition, O'Reilly, 2009

### M. Sc.

# Course Code and Title: PSCSELEP-124B Lab Course Based on Human Computer Interaction

Practical: 12 (Credits-02)

Note: Any tool or technology can be used for implementation e. g. JAVA, PHP, etc.

### Sample Questions -

- 1. Understand the trouble of interacting with Computers Redesign interfaces of applications. Select any application, like land-line phone application, registration etc and understand the trouble of interacting with that application. Comment on design of that application as good or bad design based on whether interaction principles are matching with users' mental model or not. Redesign the interface for mention the change in design and reason.
- 2. Know your client: Select anyone category of user and develop application understanding the user who will be using your system. Comment on the category of user selected and specific features given for the users and identify what kinds of interfaces will they like and why?. Compare with existing system analyze and rate them. Analyze user models and develop user centric interfaces for :
  - a. Children (4-5 years of age): An application to teach math. Perform analysis of children behaviour e.g. their preferences, interests etc.
  - b. Teenagers: Design a digital diary for young teens to help them overcome various social pressures they deal with during their teen years. The diary should also be like a self help tool which would help them deal with incidents like bullying, peer pressure, etc.. This is an open project and you can think in any direction to make the children sail through their teen years while trying to discover life around them. Perform analysis of teenagers e.g. their problems, interests, needs, etc.
  - c. Older generation: Folks from the older generation has been very wary of using their credit card on the Internet. They have various concerns when it comes to paying their bills. Also because of their old age, it will be beneficial for them to use the internet and pay their phone, electricity, gas, etc. bills. Analysis of old people e.g. their nature, interests, needs, etc.
  - d. Rural people: ATVM for train ticketing in rural area. Perform analysis of rural people e.g. their problems, interests, needs, language etc.
  - e. Mentally disabled: Design the interface of a game for mentally disabled children. Analysis of mentally disabled e.g. their behaviour, problems, interests... Any tool or technology can be used for implementation e.g., VB, DOTNET, JAVA, PHP, etc.
- 3. Identify 5 different websites catering to one specific goal (eg. Goal on-line shopping and 5 different websites ebay, amazon, flipkart, zovi, myntra) and perform a competitive analysis on them to understand how each one caters to the goal, the interactions and flow of the payment system and prepare a report on the same. Consider any 8 HCI principles and prepare the following table evaluating the websites.

Sr.	Principles	Poor	Average	Good	Good	Excellent
No					Very	
1.	Aesthetically pleasing					
2.						

- 4. To achieve simplicity one needs to optimize the number of elements on a screen, within limits of clarity. And minimize the alignment points, especially horizontal or columnar
  - a. Calculate Screen Complexity for existing Graphical User Interface (GUI).
  - b. Redesign the Screen by applying various guidelines to lower the complexity of selected Graphical User Interface (GUI) to achieve simplicity

Start by designing on paper, not on the computer. Ask everyone to sketch his or her ideas.

- Draw in black and white: Many icons will be displayed in monochrome. Color is an enhancing property; consider it as such.
- Test for expectation, recognition, and learning. Choosing the objects and actions, and the icons to represent them, is not a precise process, and will not be easy. So, as in any screen design activity, adequate testing and possible refinement of developed images must be built into the design process. Icon recognition and learning should both be measured as part of the normal testing process.
- Test for legibility.
- Verify the legibility and clarity of the icons in general. Also, verify the legibility of the icons on the screen backgrounds chosen. White or gray backgrounds may create difficulties. An icon mapped in color, then displayed on a monochrome screen, may not present itself satisfactorily. Be prepared to redraw it in black and white, if necessary.
- Register new icons in the system's registry.
- Create and maintain a registry of all system icons. Provide a detailed and distinctive description of all new icons.

### **Course Code and Title: PSCSELE-124C Soft Computing**

Lectures: 30 (Credits- 02)

### Prerequisite:

- A strong mathematical background
- Proficiency with algorithms
- Critical thinking and problem-solving skills

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To introduce the ideas of soft computational techniques based on human experience.
- 2. To generate an ability to design, analyze and perform experiments on real life problems using various Neural Learning Algorithms.
- 3. To conceptualize fuzzy logic and its implementation for various real-world applications.

### Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this course students will be able to -

- 1. apply soft computing techniques in various application.
- 2. to compare and choose appropriate NN architecture by analyzing various neural network architectures.
- 3. understand perceptron and counter propagation networks, can define the fuzzy systems.

### **Unit 1: Introduction to Soft Computing**

- 1.1 Neural Networks: Definition, Advantages,
- 1.2 Applications, Scope.
- 1.3 Fuzzy logic: Definition, Applications. Genetic Algorithms: Definition, Applications

### **Unit 2: Neural Network**

- 2.1 Fundamental Concept: Artificial Neural Network, Biological Neural Network
- 2.2 Brain vs. Computer-Comparison Between Biological Neuron and Artificial Neuron (Brain vs. Computer)
- 2.3 Artificial Neurons
- 2.4 Neural Networks and Architectures: Neuron Abstraction, Neuron Single Functions, Mathematical Preliminaries, Neural Networks Defined,
- 2.5 Architectures: Feed forward and Feedback
- 2.6 Salient Properties of Neural Networks
- 2.7 Geometry of Binary Threshold Neurons and Their Networks: Pattern Recognition and Data Classification, Convex Sets, Convex Hulls and Linear Separability, Space of Boolean Functions, Binary Neurons are Pattern Dichotomizers
- 2.8 Non-linearly Separable Problems

MES' Abasaheb Garware College

02

- 2.9 Capacity of a Simple Threshold Logic
- 2.10 Neuron, Revisiting the XOR Problem,
- 2.11 Multilayer Networks
- 2.12 How Many Hidden Nodes are Enough?
- 2.13 Learning and Memory: An Anecodatal Introduction
  - 2.13.1 Long Term Memory,
  - 2.13.2 The Behavioral Approach to Learning
  - 2.13.3 The Molecular Problem of Memory
  - 2.13.4 Learning Algorithms
  - 2.13.5 Error Correction and Gradient Descent Rules
  - 2.13.6 Learning Objective for TLNs
  - 2.13.7 Pattern Space and Weight Space
  - 2.13.8 Linear Seperabilty
  - 2.13.9 Hebb Networ
  - 2.13.10 Perceptron Network
  - 2.13.11 α- Least Mean Square Learning

### **Unit 3: Fuzzy Set Theory**

- 3.1 Brief Review of Conventional Set Theory
- 3.2 Introduction to Fuzzy Sets
- 3.3 Properties of Fuzzy Sets
- 3.4 Operations on Fuzzy Sets
- 3.5 Crisp Relation, Fuzzy Relation
- 3.6 Tolerance and equivalence relation
- 3.7 Fuzzy Tolerance and equivalence relation
- 3.8 Fuzzy Max-Min and Max-Product Composition
- 3.9 Membership Functions
- 3.10 Fuzzification, Defuzzification to crisp sets
- 3.11  $\lambda$ -Cuts for fuzzy Relations
- 3.12 Fuzzy (Ruled-Based) system
- 3.13 Graphical technique of inference
- 3.14 Membership value assignment-Intuition, Inference

### **Unit 4: Genetic Algorithms**

- 4.1 What are Genetic Algorithms?
- 4.2 Why Genetic Algorithms
- 4.3 Traditional Optimization and Search Techniques
- 4.4 Simple GA
- 4.5 Terminologies and Operators in GA
- 4.6 Encoding, Selection, Crossover
- 4.7 Mutation, Search Termination
- 4.8 Constraints in GA

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Fuzzy Logic With Engineering Applications, Timothy Ross, Wiley Publication.
- 2. Introduction to Soft Computing, Deepa & Shivanandan, Wiley Publication.
- 3. Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization and Machine Learning, David E. Goldberg, Pearson Education.

# Course Code and Title: PSCSELEP-124C Lab Course Based on Soft Computing

Practical: 12 (Credits- 02)

C / C++ / Java/ Octave

### Assignment 1

Programs to perform fuzzy set operations.

### Assignment 2

Programs to apply De Morgans laws.

### Assignment 3

Programs to implement activation functions.

### Assignment 4

Programs to implement concept such as Hebb's Rule, FFN.

# Course Code and Title: PSCSP-125 Lab Course Based on Advanced Operating System, Mobile Technology and Full Stack Development – I

Practical: 24 (Credits- 04)

AOS: Advanced Operating System MT: Mobile Technology FSD – I: Full Stack Development – I

List of Assignments for AOS (Programs are to be done in 'C' language)

**Assignment 1** Basic programs

**Assignment 2** Based on File Subsystem

Assignment 3 Based on process control

Assignment 4 Based on Signal Handling

### List of Assignments for Mobile Technology

### Assignment 1

- 1. Setting up of Android Studio and Emulator
- 2. Hello World Application

### Assignment 2

- 1. Use of Activity and Intents
- 2. Screen design using UI components

### Assignment 3

- 1. Use of Toasts, Dialogs
- 2. Use of Lists and Adapters

### Assignment 4

- 1. Use of Multimedia files in Android Application
- 2. Connection with SQLite Database

### Assignment 5

MES' Abasaheb Garware College

### M. Sc.

- 1. Working with Google Maps and Notification
- 2. Installation of .apk file on Android Device.

### List of Assignments for Full Stack Development – I

Assignment 1 JavaScript

Assignment 2 Basics of Node.js

**Assignment 3** Based on NPM concept

**Assignment 4** Node.js programs with DB

**Assignment 5** Based on Express.js

### Mini Project can be given either for MT or FSD - I.